



STRUCT @ PKU

Spatial and Temporal Restoration, Understanding and Compression

JUNE 18-22, 2023  
**CVPR** VANCOUVER, CANADA

# Actionlet-Dependent Contrastive Learning for Unsupervised Skeleton-Based Action Recognition

Wangxuan Institute of Computer Technology, Peking University

*CVPR 2023 Highlight*

Poster ID: TUE-AM-226



Lilang Lin



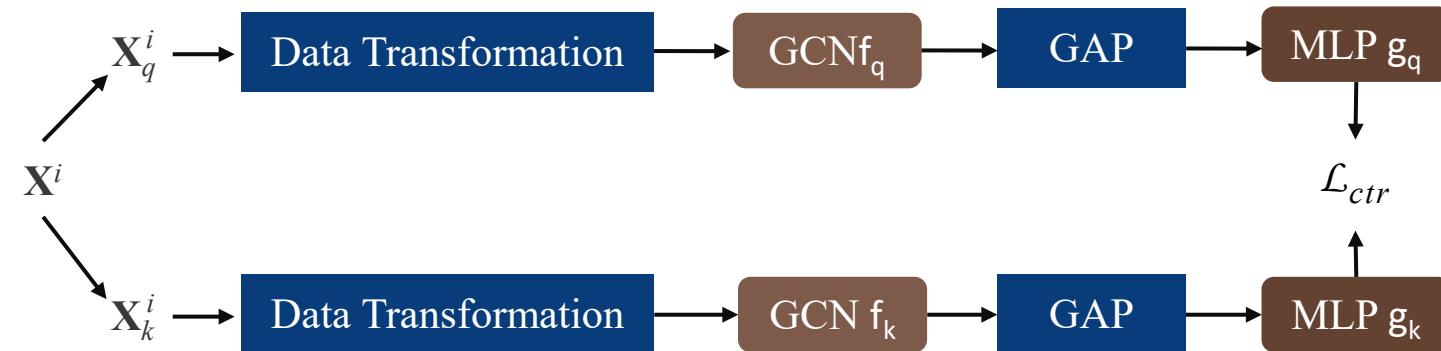
Jiahang Zhang



Jiaying Liu

## ■ Challenges:

- Uniform data transformation → degrade the motion information
- Global average pooling → make feature space indistinguishable

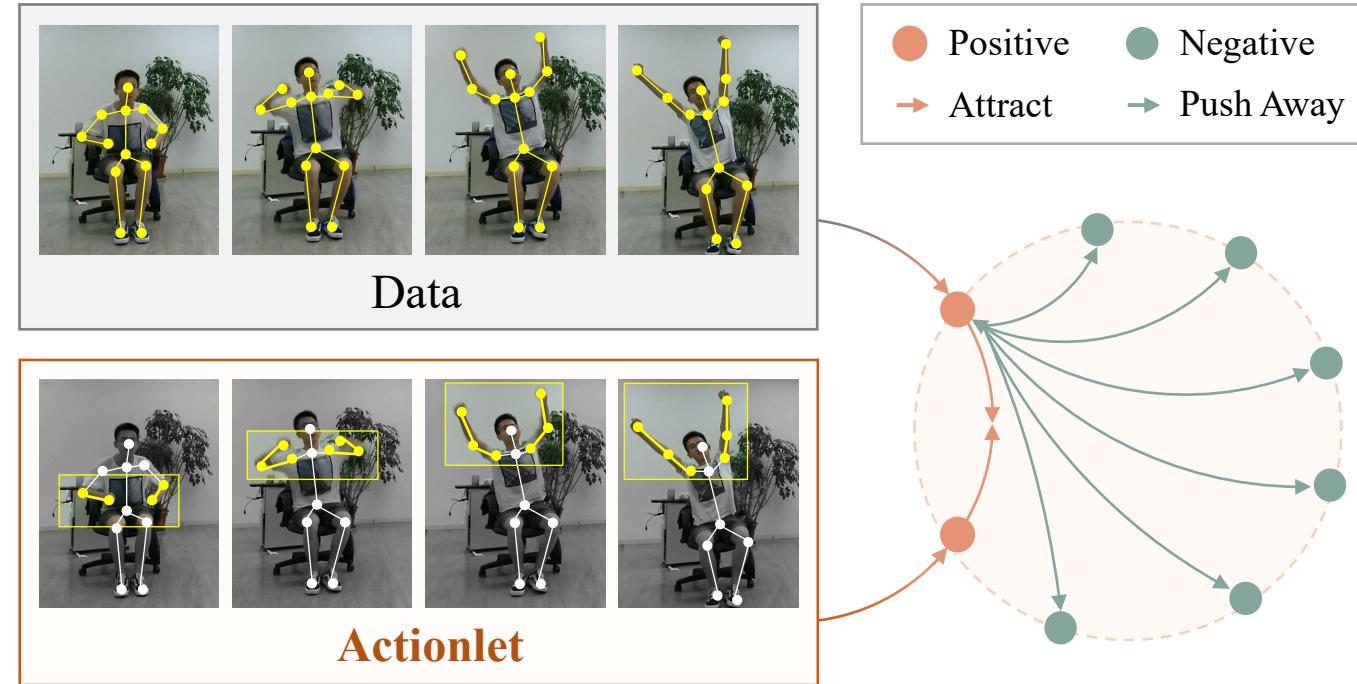


## ■ Challenges:

- Uniform data transformation → degrade the motion information
- Global average pooling → make feature space indistinguishable

## ■ Solution:

- Decouple **motion** and **static regions** in the data sequences



## ■ Video in Big Data Era

### ■ Videos in Internet

- Over a billion users on YouTube
- A billion hours of videos each day



### ■ Surveillance Videos

- 176 million in China in 2017
- Expected 626 million by 2020



Huge number of videos contains **Human Action**

→ **Video Action Analytics**

## ■ Various Applications



Surveillance



Retrieval



Home Care

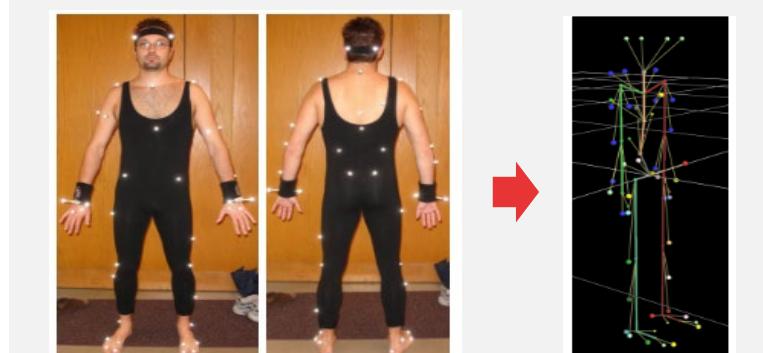


HCI

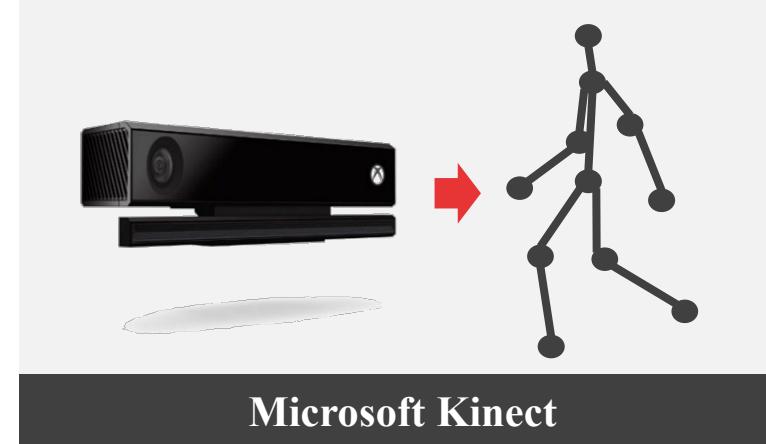


## ■ Skeleton Data

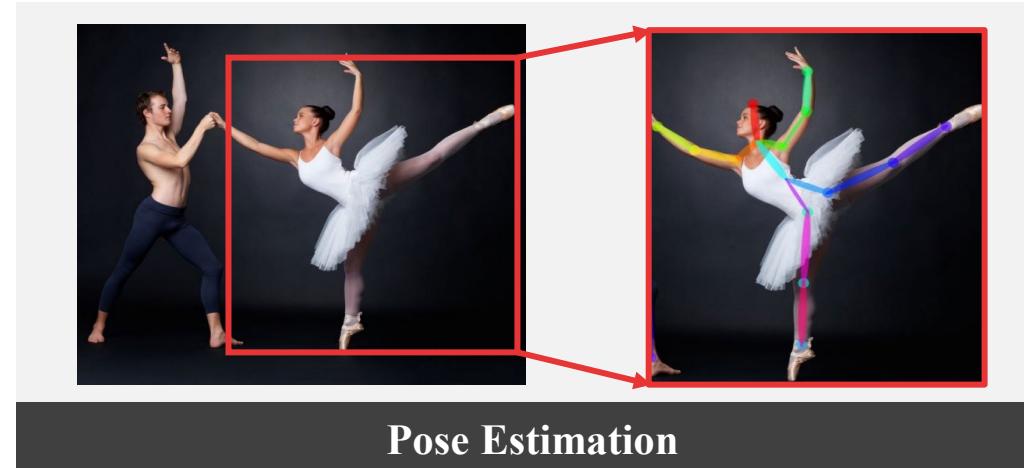
### ■ Data Access



Motion Capture System



Microsoft Kinect



Pose Estimation

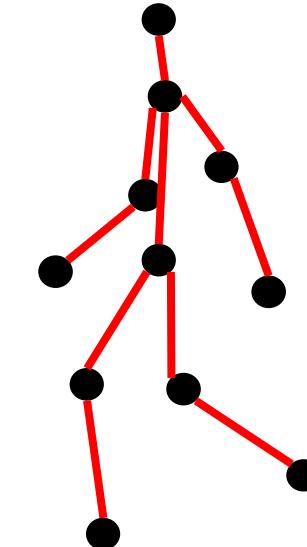
## ■ Skeleton Data

### ■ Pros

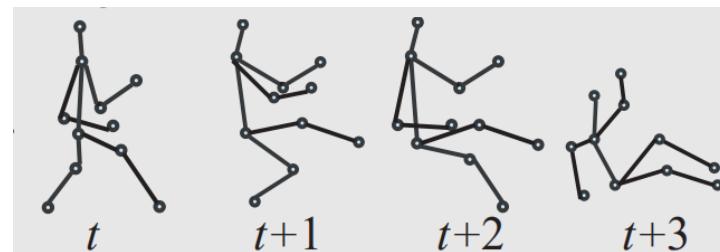
- High-level human representation
- Robust to illumination and clustered background
- Additional depth information
- Real-time online performance

### ■ Cons

- Missing visual information
- Not reliable due to noise and occlusion

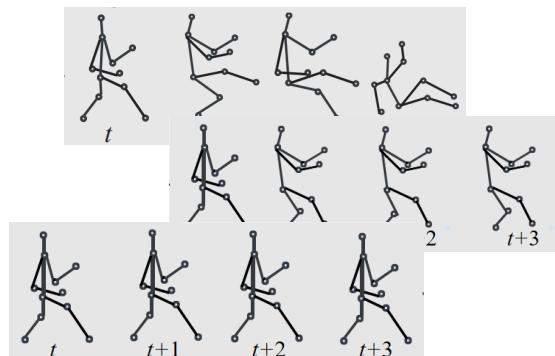


## ■ Skeleton-Based Action Recognition:



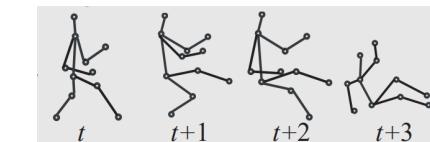
*Action label:*  
Fall

## ■ Self-Supervised Learning:



No Label!

Pretext Tasks



*Action label:*  
Fall

Self-Supervised Pretrain

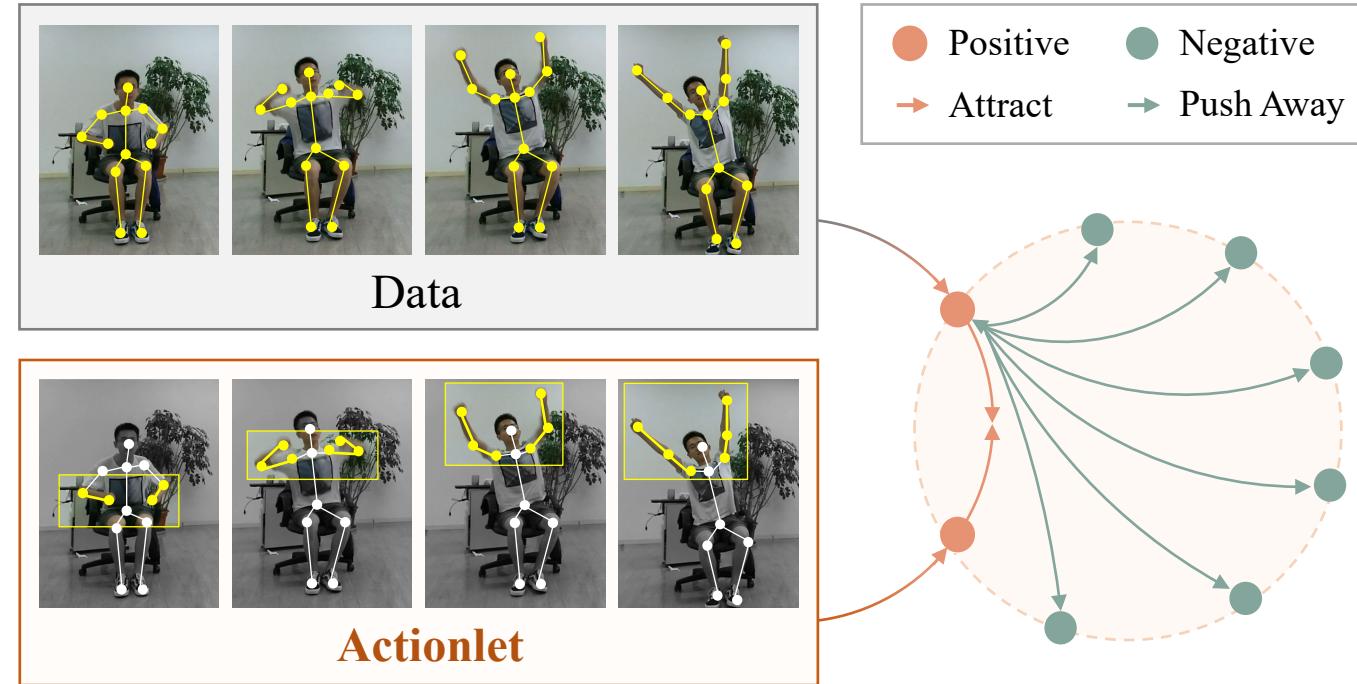
Supervised Finetune

## ■ Challenges:

- Uniform data transformation → degrade the motion information
- Global average pooling → make feature space indistinguishable

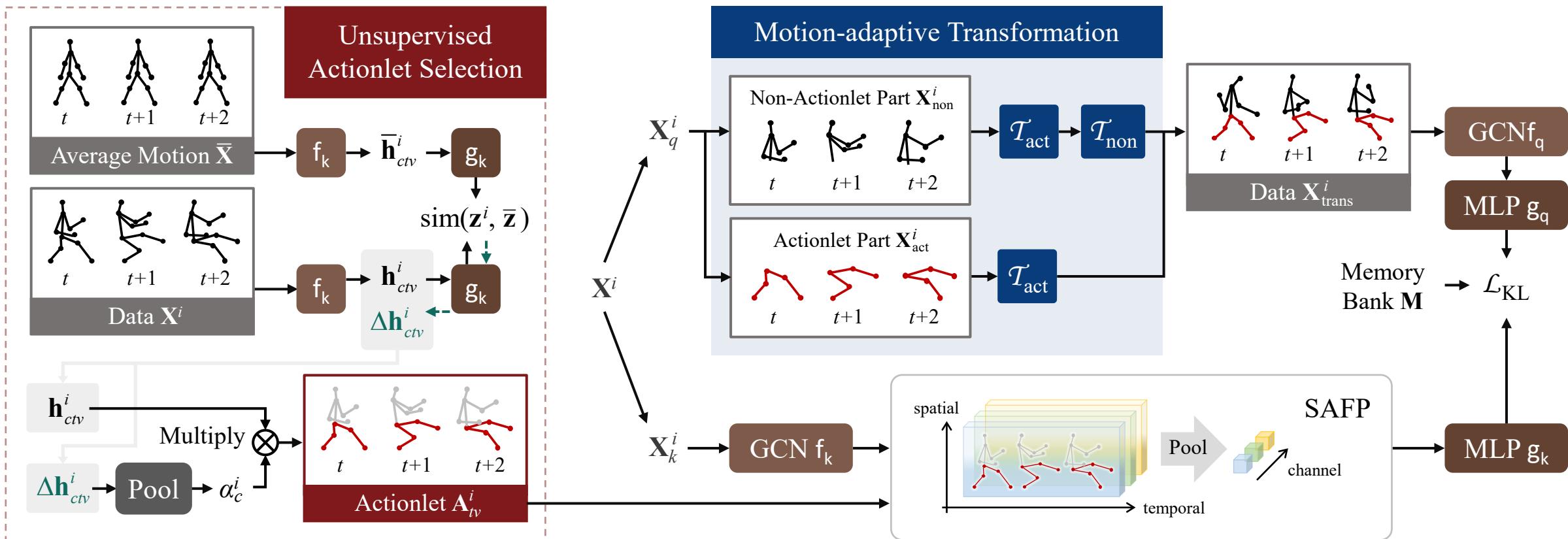
## ■ Solution:

- Decouple **motion** and **static regions** in the data sequences



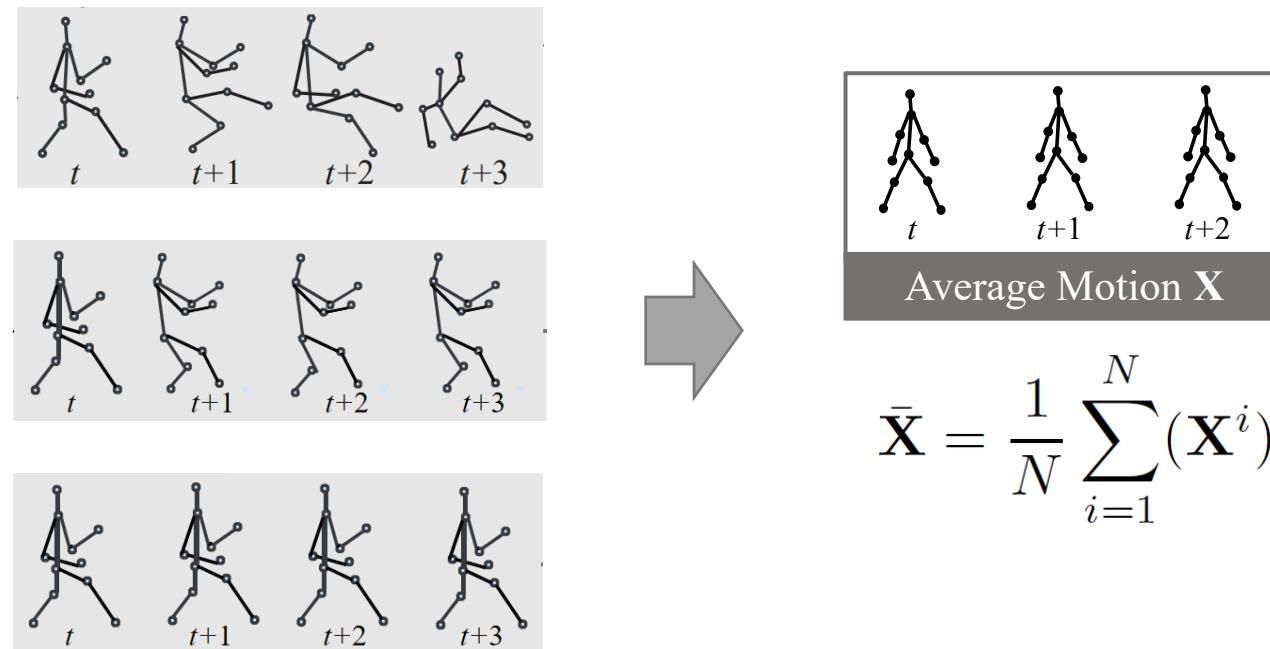
## ■ Overall Network Architecture

- Unsupervised Actionlet Selection
- Actionlet-Guided Contrastive Learning



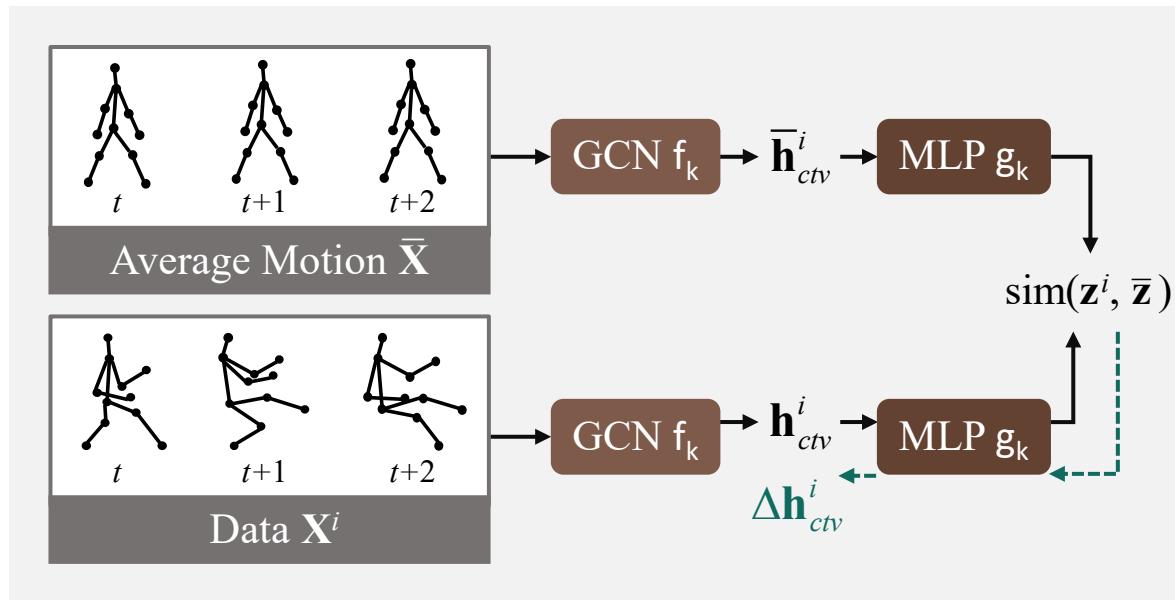
## ■ Overall Network Architecture

- Unsupervised Actionlet Selection
  - Average Motion as Static Anchor



## ■ Overall Network Architecture

- Unsupervised Actionlet Selection
- Difference Activation Mapping for Actionlet Localization

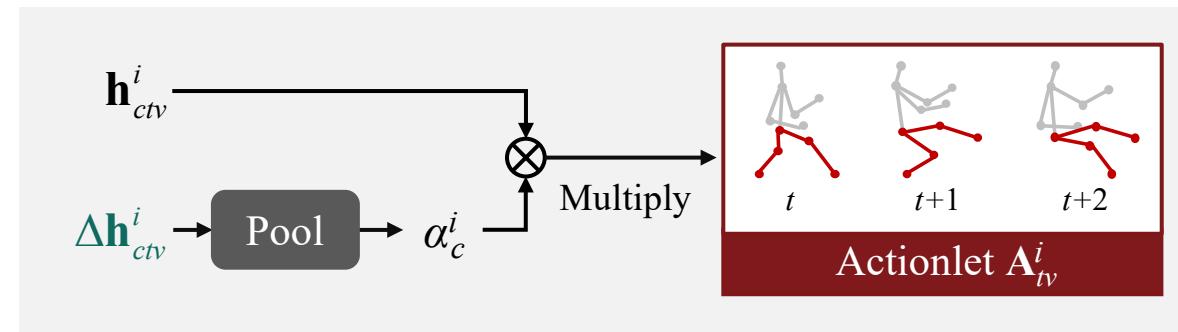


$$\Delta\mathbf{h}_{ctv}^i = \frac{\partial(-\text{sim}(\mathbf{z}^i, \bar{\mathbf{z}}))}{\partial \mathbf{h}_{ctv}^i},$$

$$\alpha_c^i = \frac{1}{T \times V} \sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{v=1}^V \sigma(\Delta\mathbf{h}_{ctv}^i),$$

## ■ Overall Network Architecture

- Unsupervised Actionlet Selection
- Difference Activation Mapping for Actionlet Localization

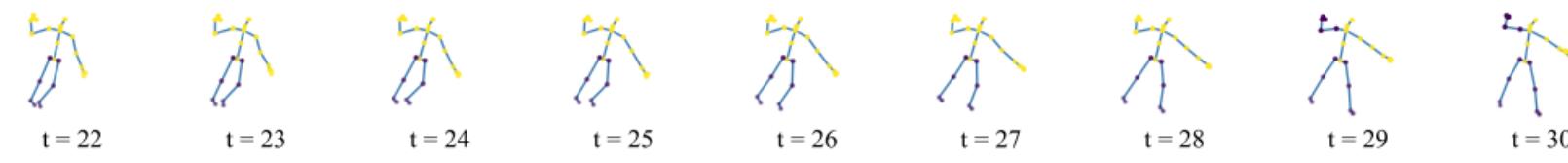


$$\mathbf{A}_{tv}^i = \sigma \left( \sum_{c=1}^C \alpha_c^i \mathbf{h}_{ctv}^i \right) \mathbf{G}_{vv}$$

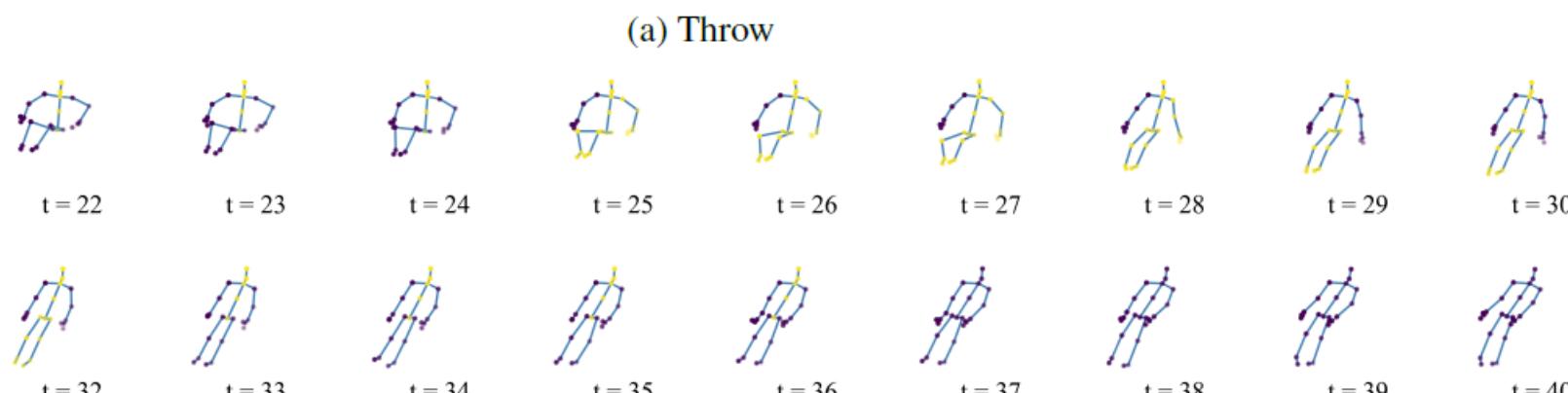
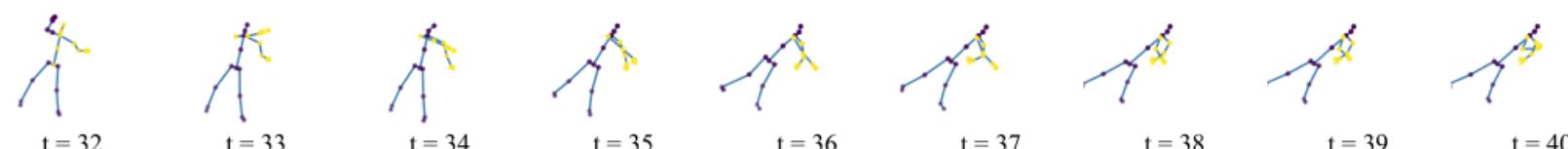
## ■ Overall Network Architecture

### ■ Unsupervised Actionlet Selection

#### ■ Visualization of Actionlet



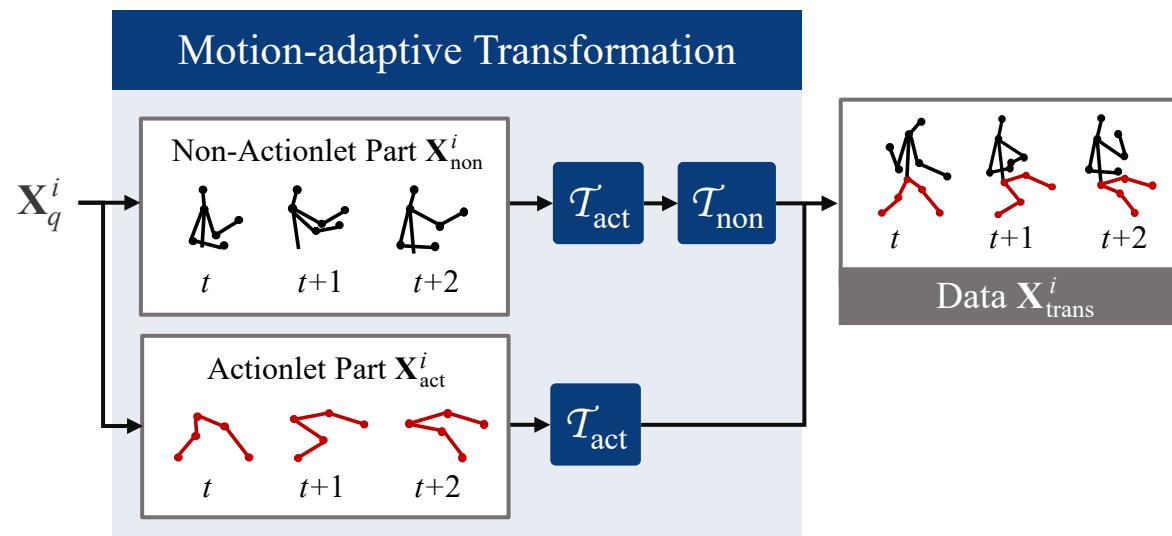
(a) Throw



(b) Standup

## ■ Overall Network Architecture

- Actionlet-Guided Contrastive Learning
  - Motion-Adaptive Transformation Strategy



### ■ Actionlet Transformation

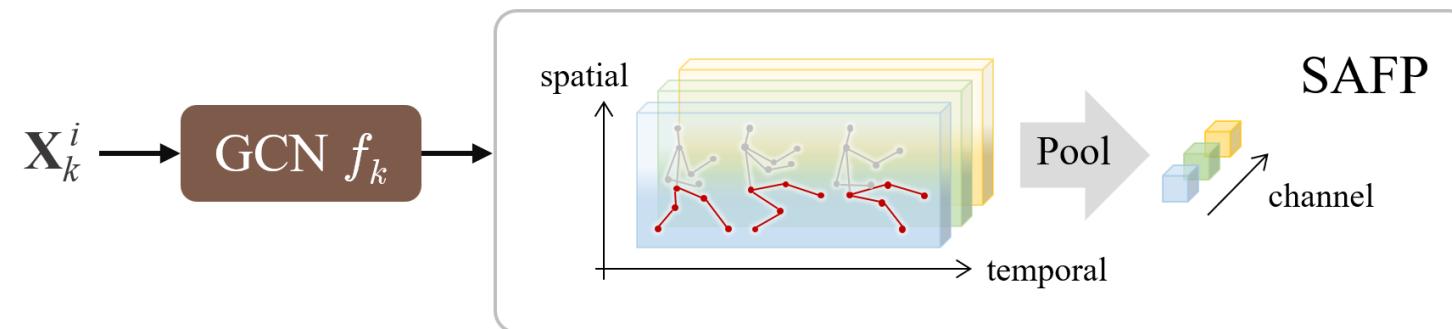
- *Shear, Spatial Flip, Rotate, Axis Mask*
- *Crop, Temporal Flip*
- *Gaussian Noise, Gaussian Blur*
- *Skeleton AdaIN*

### ■ Non-Actionlet Transformation

- *Random Noise, Skeleton Mix*

## ■ Overall Network Architecture

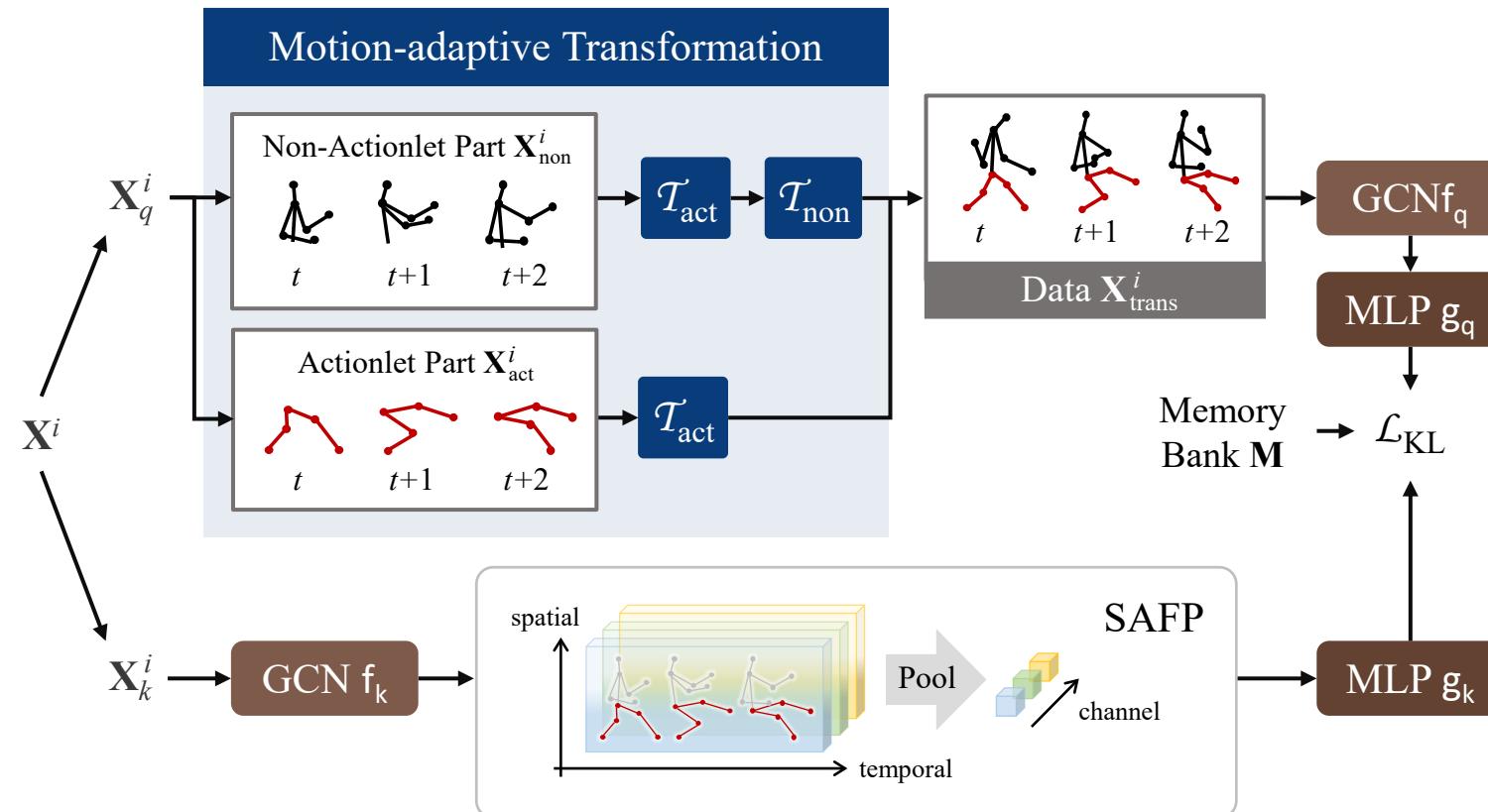
- Actionlet-Guided Contrastive Learning
- Semantic-Aware Feature Pooling



$$\text{SAFP}(\mathbf{h}_{ctv}^i) = \sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{v=1}^V \mathbf{h}_{ctv}^i \left( \frac{\mathbf{A}_{tv}^i}{\sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{v=1}^V \mathbf{A}_{tv}^i} \right)$$

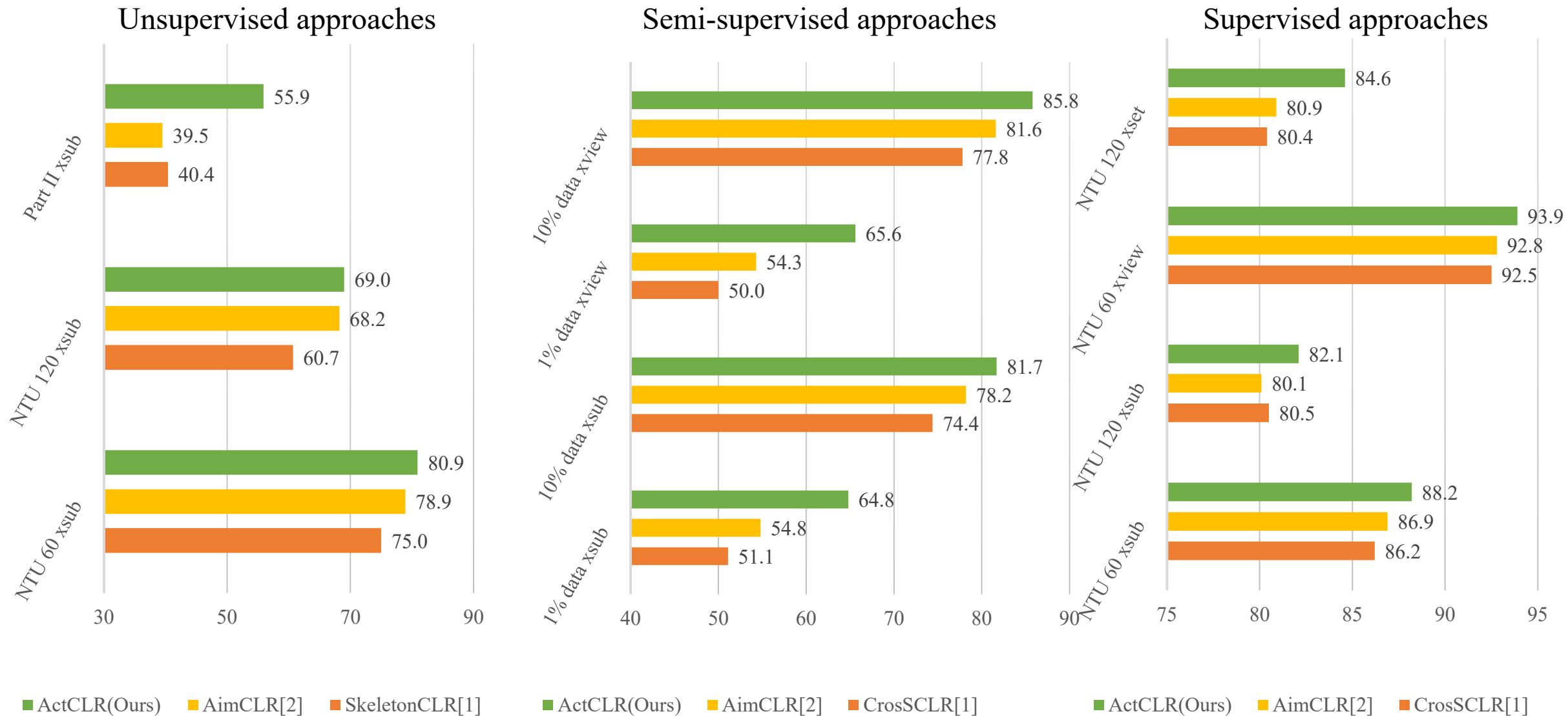
## ■ Overall Network Architecture

- Actionlet-Guided Contrastive Learning
- Training Overview



## ■ Experiment Configurations

- Unsupervised approaches
  - Train the classifier with pretrained encoder fixed.
- Semi-supervised approaches
  - Jointly train the classifier and encoder with partial labeled data.
- Supervised approaches
  - Jointly train the classifier and encoder with full labeled data.



[1] Li et al. 3D human action representation learning via cross-view consistency pursuit. CVPR 2021.

[2] Guo et al. Contrastive learning from extremely augmented skeleton sequences self-supervised action recognition. AAAI 2022.

## ■ **Skeleton Based Action Recognition**

- Unsupervised Actionlet Selection
- Actionlet-Guided Contrastive Learning

## ■ **Experimental Results**

- Impressive results compared with other methods
- Generalizable in different settings



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# Project



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